Working at the Expected Standard								
Vocabulary, grammar and punctuation		<u>Composition</u>		<u>Spelling</u>	<u>Handwriting</u>			
*Select vocabulary and	Contracted forms		e of audiences and purpose,	*Correctly spell common	*Write using a joined style,			
grammatical structures that reflect what the	Active/passive verbs	selecting the language that shows awareness of reader (1st person diary, direct address in persuasive writing)		exception words from Years 1-6	maintaining legibility when writing at speed.			
writing requires mostly using;	Modal verbs	*Blend action, dialogue and description within sentences and paragraphs to convey character and		*Use a dictionary to check the spelling of uncommon or more				
	Sentence structure	advance the action eg 'Tom stomped into the room, flung down his grubby, school bag and announced, through gritted teeth, 'It's not fair'		ambitious vocabulary.				
	Appropriate vocabulary	*In narratives describe	similes					
*Use a range of devices to build cohesion using;	Conjunctions	settings, character and atmosphere using:	metaphors					
	Adverbials (narrative)		Range of openers					
	Adverbials (non-fiction)		Appropriate vocabulary					
	Pronouns		prepositions					
	Synonyms		Expanded noun phrases					
*To use correct verbs tenses consistently and correctly throughout writing		Use active and passive voice to achieve intended effects eg formal reports, explanations and mystery narrative.						
*Use the range of punctuation taught at Key	Inverted commas	Evaluate, select and use a range of organisation and presentational devices to structure texts for different purposes and audiences eg headings, sub-headings, columns, bullet points, tables.						
Stage 2 mostly correct:	Commas for clarity							
	punctuation for parentheses	Reflect on the effectiveness of writing in relation to audience and purpose, suggesting making changes to enhance effects and clarify meaning						
	Contracted forms	*Proof read for grammatical, spelling and punctuation errors						

Vocabulary, gramm	Brackets Punctuation for direct speech Colons/Semi colons (GDS)	Greater Depth Composition	
*Use range of punctuation taught at KS2 correctly and, when necessary, use punctuation precisely to enhance meaning and avoid ambiguity.	Colons Semi- colons Hyphens Dashes	*Write effectively for a range of purposes and audiences selecting the appropriate form and drawing independently on what they have read as models for their own writing (literary language, characterisation, structure)	
*Exercise and assured and conscious control over levels of formality particularly through manipulating grammar and vocabulary to achieve this		*Distinguish between the language of speech and writing and choose the appropriate structure.	